Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8=50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb.2021 Advanced Mathematics – II

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1 a. If l, m, n are the direction cosines of a line, then show that $l^2 + m^2 + n^2 = 1$. (07 Marks)
 - b. A line makes an angle α , β , γ , δ with diagonals of a cube. Prove that

 $\cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \beta + \cos^2 \gamma + \cos^2 \delta = \frac{4}{3}$

(07 Marks)

- c. Find the angle between the lines AB and CD where A = (3, 4, 5), B = (4, 6, 2), C = (-1, 2, 4) and D = (1, 0, 5).
- 2 a. Find the equation of a plane posses through the points (3, -3, 1) and perpendicular to the planes 7x + y + 2z = 6 and 3x + 5y 6z = 8. (07 Marks)
 - b. Find the angle between two planes, x-y+2z-9=0 and 2x+y+z=7. (07 Marks)
 - c. Find the shortest distance between the lines,

 $\frac{x-8}{3} = \frac{y+9}{-16} = \frac{z-10}{7}$ and $\frac{x-15}{3} = \frac{y-29}{8} = \frac{z-5}{-5}$

(06 Marks)

3 a. Prove that $\overrightarrow{a} \times (\overrightarrow{b} + \overrightarrow{c}) + \overrightarrow{b} \times (\overrightarrow{c} + \overrightarrow{a}) + \overrightarrow{c} (\overrightarrow{a} + \overrightarrow{b}) = 0$.

(07 Marks)

- b. Find the unit normal to both the vectors $4\hat{i} \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ and $-2\hat{i} + \hat{j} 2\hat{k}$. Also find sign of the angle between them. (07 Marks)
- c. Show that the vectors $\vec{A} = \hat{i} 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$, $\vec{B} = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $\vec{C} = 3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} \hat{k}$ are coplanar.

(06 Marks)

- 4 a. Find the unit tangent vector of the space curve, $\vec{r} = \cos t \hat{i} + \sin t \hat{j} + t \hat{k}$. (07 Marks)
 - b. A particle moves along the curve,

$$x = (1-t^3)$$
, $y = (1+t^2)$ and $z = (2t-5)$.

Determine the velocity and acceleration.

(06 Marks)

Find the angle between the surfaces, $x^2 + y + z^2 = 9$ and $x = z^2 + y^2 - 3$ at (2, -1, 2).

(07 Marks)

(U/ Maiks)

- 5 a. Find the directional derivative of x^2yz^3 at (1, 1, 1) in the direction of i + j + 2k. (07 Marks)
 - b. Prove that F.curlF = 0 for F = (x + y + 1)i + j (x + y)k. (07 Marks)
 - c. Show that the vectors,

$$\vec{F} = (2xy + z^2)\hat{i} + (x^2 + 2yz)\hat{j} + (y^2 + 2zx)\hat{k}$$
 is irrotational.

(06 Marks)

- a. Find the Laplace transform of tⁿ, where 'n' is a positive integer.
- (07 Marks)

Find L[cost cos 2t cos 3t].

(07 Marks)

c. Find $L\left[\frac{\sin^2 t}{t}\right]$.

(06 Marks)

a. Find $L^{-1} \left[\frac{s+5}{s^2 - 6s + 13} \right]$.

(07 Marks)

b. Find $L^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)} \right]$.

(07 Marks)

 $c. \quad Find \ L^{\text{-1}} \Bigg[log \Bigg(\frac{s+a}{s+b} \Bigg) \Bigg].$

(06 Marks)

a. Using Laplace transform, solve 8 $y'' + 4y' + 4y = e^{-t}$; y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0.

- (10 Marks)
- b. By using Laplace transformations, solve the differential equation, y'' + 4y' + 3y = 0, subject (10 Marks) to the condition y(0) = 0 and y'(0) = 1.